Brownfields and Economic Development and TAB Resources

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What is a Brownfield?

"...real property, the expansion, redevelopment, or reuse of which may be complicated by the <u>presence or potential presence</u> of a hazardous substance, pollutant, or contaminant."*

Practical implication: Brownfields are everywhere!

*(Public Law 107-118 (H.R. 2869) - "Small Business Liability Relief and Brownfields Revitalization Act", signed into law January 11, 2002).

Brownfields in the U.S.

>Estimated 450,000 to 1 Million sites

➤ 5 million acres of abandoned industrial sites in U.S. cities — roughly the same amount of land occupied by 60 of the largest U.S. cities

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development

Brownfield Examples

- Abandoned gas stations
- Abandoned grain elevators
- Former manufacturing facilities
- Abandoned properties next to rail lines
- Former school buildings
- Abandoned residential properties next to industrial facilities
- Vacant residential lots

Typical Brownfield



Abandoned Service Station

Typical Brownfield



Typical Brownfield



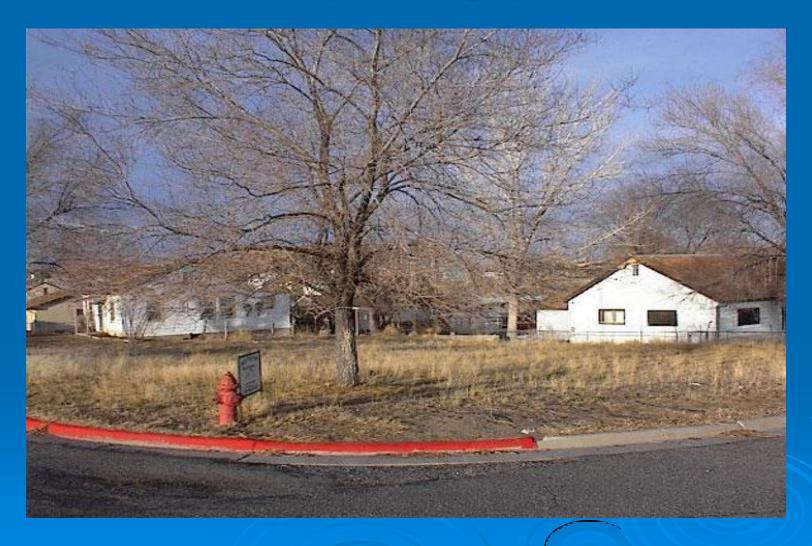
Grain Storage Facilities/Coops found throughout rural areas





Brownfields on Main Street?





Abandoned Residential Lot



Former Drive-In



Abandoned School Building

Industrial Blight



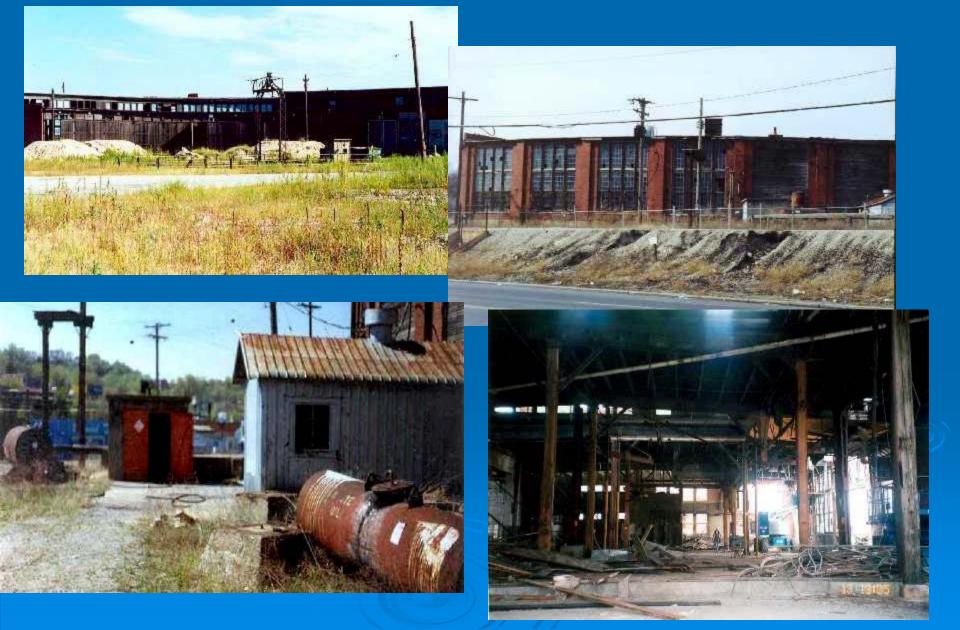


Why Redevelop Brownfields?

- Desirable locations
- Increases local tax base
- Facilitates job growth
- Improves community image
- Preserves neighborhoods
- Mitigates blight
- Mitigates public health and safety concerns
- Reduce the need to develop greenfields
- Uses existing infrastructure (cost savings)



Kansas City Terminal Railway



Kansas City Terminal Railway







Atchison, KS (pop.16,481)





Atchison Funding Breakdown

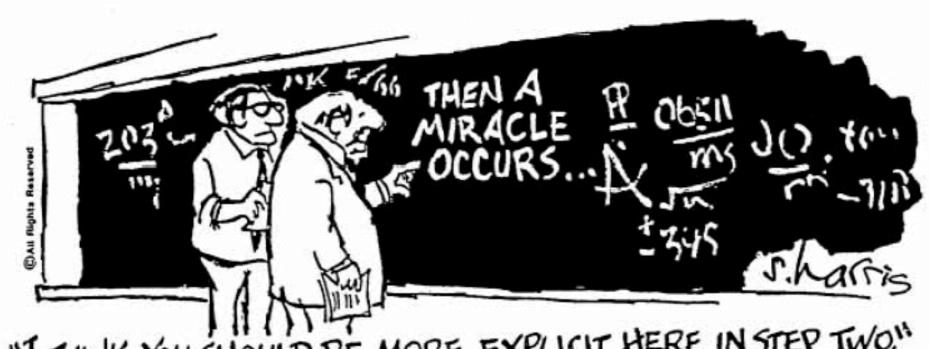
- Federal DOT Congressional Earmark, through KDOT: \$1M
- KDOT Transportation Enhancement Program: \$604,821
- Economic Development Administration: \$409.100
- KS Department of Wildlife and Parks: \$300,00
- HUD EDI Special Project Congressional Earmark: \$281,657
- EPA Brownfields Assessment grant: \$200,000
- KDHE BTAs (3): \$40,000
- Kansas Water Office: \$50,000
- Total Federal and State: \$2.8 M

Often it is the <u>PERCEPTION</u> of contamination that keeps properties from being redeveloped, not the actual presence of contamination.

Once the "stigma" is gone, properties can be returned to productive use.







"I THINK YOU SHOULD BE MORE EXPLICIT HERE IN STEP TWO!"



BF Process

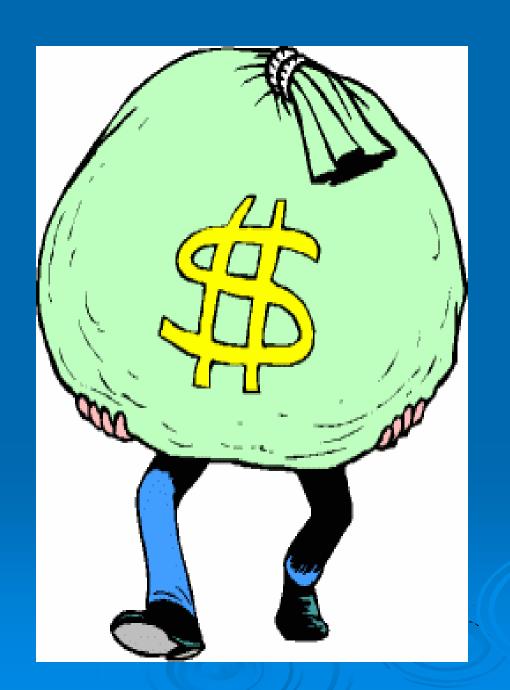
Identify the Brownfield

Investigate – Phase I/II site assessments

Clean-up, if necessary

Redevelop







Purpose of Site Assessments

Identification of Environmental Risk

- avoid taking ownership of contaminated property
- avoid responsibility for cleanup under CERCLA as an "innocent landowner"
- evaluate whether environmental risks are worth accepting in a case where contamination is discovered

Acronym Alert !!!

ESA

stands for

Environmental Site Assessment

Types of ESA's

Phase I ESA – non-intrusive

Phase II ESA – intrusive

Phase III ESA – intrusive or Site Characterization

Phase I ESA

(non-intrusive)

Identifies *potential* environmental concerns
Also called *recognized environmental conditions*

- Research on historical and current uses and activities of the site and surrounding area
 - Records review
 - Site reconnaissance
 - Interviews

Records Review

- Surrounding area of subject site
 - Search radius varies: between 1/8 mile and 1 mile

Site specific

Phase I Env. Site Assessment

All Appropriate Inquiry

All Appropriate Inquiry What's that?

 Federal standard for conducting environmental site assessments

 Refers to the requirements for assessing environmental conditions of a property prior to its acquisition

AAI Compliance

 AAI final rule standards (effective as of 11-01-06)

 Or follow the standards set forth in ASTM E1527-05 Phase I Env. Site Assessment Process

AAI Requirements

- Inquiry to be conducted by an "Environmental Professional"
- Interviews with past and present owners, operators, occupants of the facility/site
- Review of historical records since the property was first developed
- Searches for recorded env. clean-up liens against the facility/site filed under federal, tribal, state, or local law

AAI Requirements, cont.

- Reviews of federal, tribal, state, or local government records
- Review of waste disposal records; UST records; haz.
 waste handling, generation, treatment, disposal records; spill records
- Visual inspection of site plus adjoining properties
- Interview adjoining property owners mandatory if subject property is abandoned

AAI Requirements, cont.

- AAI applicable to commercial real estate, residential used for commercial purposes, residential under gov. ownership
- Identify releases or threatened releases of hazardous substances on subject property
- AAI report valid for 1 year, after that it becomes invalid
- AAI must be conducted within 1 year prior to purchase of the property with certain aspects conducted or updated within 180 days of purchase date (i.e. site inspection, interviews, local records search, EPs declaration).

AAI Requirements, cont.

 Extensive documentation of data gaps; describe efforts to resolve them, EP is required to issue an opinion about the impact of the data gaps on his/her ability to identify conditions indicative of releases or threatened releases of hazardous substances at the subject site

 Places extensive reliance on the EPs professional judgment

Phase II ESA

evaluates the recognized environmental conditions identified in the Phase I *ESA*



Phase II ESA cont. (intrusive)

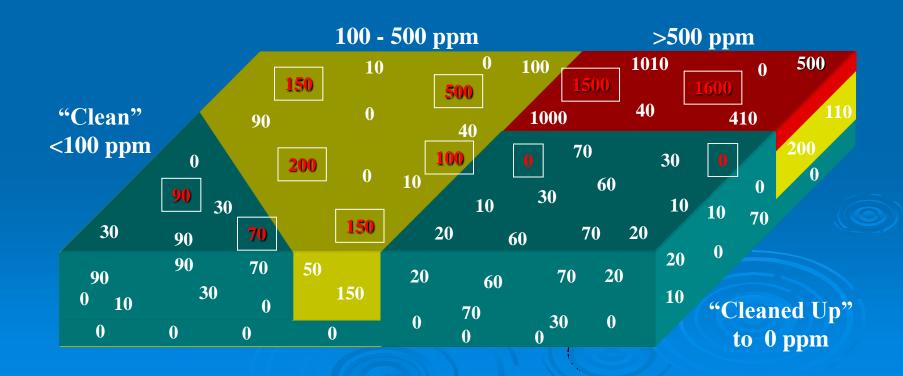
Components:

Sampling and chemical analyses of impacted media (i.e. soil, groundwater, surface water, air, etc.)

Identification of horizontal and vertical extent of contamination — if present

Contaminants are rarely distributed evenly

- Neither horizontally, nor vertically
- Assessment estimates between available sample points



Phase II ESA cont.

Stepwise Approach:

- Development of scope of work
- Assessment activities
- Interpretation of results
- Presentation of findings and conclusions

Phase II ESA Results

- Identified contaminants
- Identified lateral and vertical distribution
- Identified concentrations of contaminants present
- Identified potential receptors
- Identified potential for off-site migration
- Produced detailed report, incl. detailed maps
- Recommendations for further action, i.e. is remediation necessary

Phase II ESA Results

Results may show:

- Hazardous substances have not been disposed or released
- Environmental condition does exist and information can assist the user in making informed business decisions

Phase III ESA

Also known as "Site Characterization"

- Obtain more and detailed data regarding the contaminants and the impacted media
- More sampling
- Pump tests/slug tests
- Detailed geologic cross sections

Phase III ESA Results

- Identification of source(s) of contaminants
- Identification of migration pattern
- Identification of receptors
- Identification of full extent of contamination
- Identification of subsurface conditions
- Recommendation of suitable remedial options
- Detailed report

Assessment Activities

- Field screening/field analytical methods
- Environmental media sampling (soil, water, air)

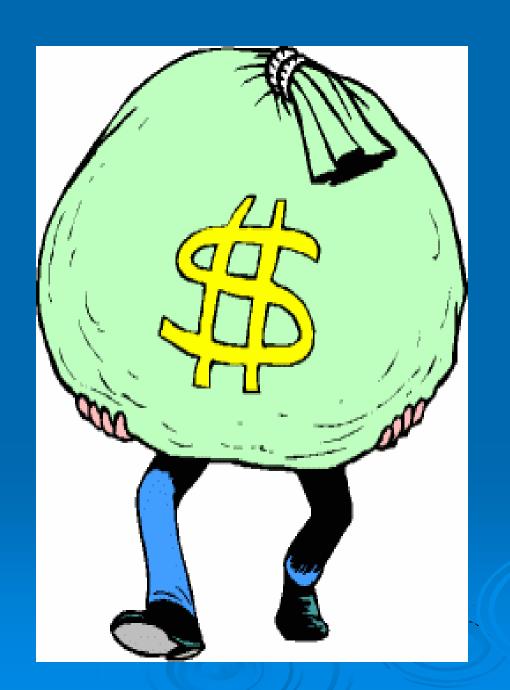












Financing Programs: A Federal "Laundry List"

What's Been Used in Brownfield Reuse Financing Packages?

Loans

- > EDA capital for local revolving loan funds
- HUD funds for locally determined CDBG loans and "floats"
- EPA capitalized revolving loan funds
- > SBA's microloans
- SBA's Section 504 development company debentures
- ➤ EPA capitalized clean water revolving loan funds (priorities set/ programs run by each state)
- > HUD's Section 108 loan guarantees
- > SBA's Section 7(a) and Low-Doc programs
- USDA business, intermediary, development loans

Grants

- HUD's Brownfield Economic Development Initiative (BEDI)
- HUD's Community Development Block Grants (for projects locally determined)
- > EPA assessment, cleanup grants
- > EDA public works and economic adjustment

Grants (continued)

- DOT (various system construction, preservation, rehabilitation programs)
- Army Corps of Engineers (cost-shared services)
- USDA community facility, business and industry grants

Equity capital

> SBA Small Business Investment Cos.

Tax incentives and tax-exempt financing

- Targeted expensing of cleanup costs
- Historic rehabilitation tax credits
- Low-income housing tax credits
- Industrial development bonds
- Energy efficiency construction credits

Tax-advantaged zones

- > HUD/USDA Empowerment Zones
- HUD/USDA Enterprise Communities

Technical Assistance to Brownfield (TAB) Communities

- A national program
- Funded by EPA
 headquarters via grants to 4
 different entities
- Free to communities
- K-State assists communities in EPA Regions 5 and 7





EPA Regions



TAB Assistance to Communities

- Tailored to specific community needs
- Typically coordinated through the city, tribal or non-profit brownfields project manager
 May include:
 - Help identifying funding sources for revitalization projects
 - Review of EPA and other grant applications
 - Help finding a consulting firm
 - Review of project plans, technical reports
 - Assistance with community outreach/involvement
 - Educational workshops and redevelopment visioning
 - Other assistance, as needed and agreed upon
- Communities accepted on a 'first come' basis
- Depends on staff/funding availability

The Application Process

- Contact us
- We'll set up a meeting to discuss assistance needs.
- Review needs and TAB capability
- Agree on a course of action
- Get started

Community Involvement Tools

Workshops/Training Sessions

- Tailored to the information needs of the community
- Keep audience awake and engaged
- Relaxed atmosphere
- Time for networking
- Variety of presenters
- Hands-on segments
- Very effective!



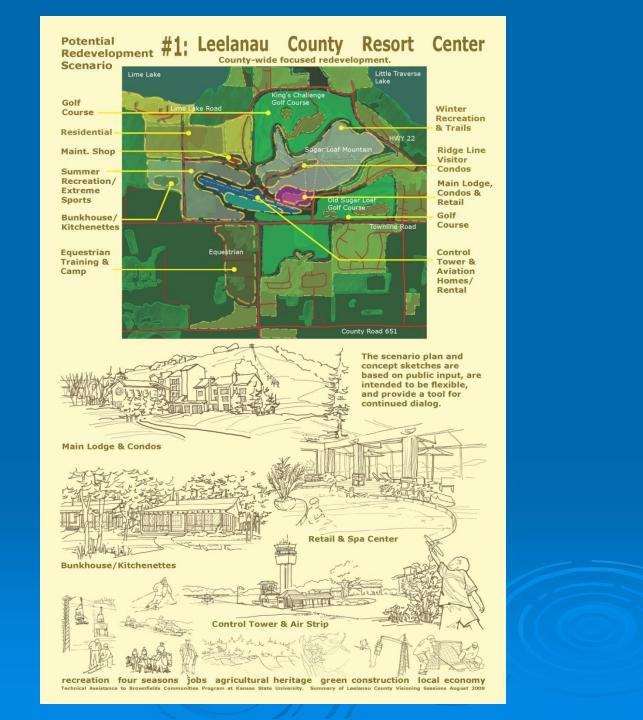
Community Outreach

Redevelopment Planning



Redevelopment Planning





Technical Presentations

Community Meetings



Community Involvement

• Who is the Community?

Why do it?



Successful Involvement Techniques

Community Involvement Tools

Fact Sheets, Citizen Briefs

- clear
- concise
- in layman's terms
- basic information
- provide contact info and additional resources

Note: NOT a stand-alone tool

KSU TAB Citizen Briefs



Search

Outreach Resources

Publications

Environmental Science and Technology Briefs for Citizens

Brownfields Resources

- Brownfields Basics (PDF)
 What is a Brownfield?
- · Institutional Controls (PDF)
- Asbestos: What Is It? Where Is It? (PDF)
- . Lead-Based Paint: What Is It? Where Is It? (PDF)
- <u>Phase I Environmental Site Assessments</u> (PDF) property owners, investors, borrowers, and lenders.
- <u>Phytoremediation at Brownfields</u> (PDF)
 What is it and how does it work?
- Planning for Community Involvement (PDF)
 How to develop and implement a community outreach plan.
- Steps in Choosing an Environmental Consultant (PDF)
 What to look for before starting your important projects.
- What are Quality Assurance Project Plans (PDF)
 How to write and develop a quality assurance project plan.
- Writing a Request for Proposal (PDF)
 Communities that receive a Brownfields Pilot Grant typically need to hire a contractor to do an environmental assessment of the property to be redeveloped. This 12-page publication provides guidance for soliciting proposals from contractors.
- Grant Writing Tips (PDF)

http://www.engg.ksu.edu/CHSR/outreach/resources/



Community Involvement Tools

Community Outreach

- Community Day/Fair
- Bus Tours
- Walking Tours
- Workshops/Seminars
- Public Meetings

If you feed them, they will come



Special Projects Web - based software: TAB EZ www.tabez.org



- **▶Login**
- Register
- Contact Us / Feedback

GRANT APPLICATIONS RESOURCES SEARCH HELP

Home Page About TAB EZ

Sample Grant Applications Tutorial Definitions Acronyms

Home

Welcome to TAB EZ

Technical Assistance to Brownfields communities (TAB) easy brownfields grant application (EZ) software program

TAB EZ is a grant writing tool to be used for preparation of EPA brownfields grant proposals. Currently, TAB EZ only addresses assessment and cleanup grants; RLF grant proposal outlines may be added at a later date.

What TAB EZ can do:

TAB EZ provides a framework for your proposal and provides strategies and links to reduce time in writing the proposal.

What TAB EZ can not do:

TAB EZ can not write a specific and compelling request for Brownfield grant funding for you. It's your proposal and you need to incorporate your ideas and approaches!

Using this tool is not a substitute for reading the grant guidelines!

While we put a lot of information from the guidelines into TAB EZ, there is also information we did not include. Please read the guidelines at the EPA brownfields web page. Also, a copy of the guidelines can be found in TAB EZ under "Resources".

Register prior to use

While the use of TAB EZ is free, you must be a registered user to prepare a grant application via TAB EZ. Please register by clicking on "Register" in the upper right hand corner of the TAB EZ window.

TAB EZ was updated to be consistent with the FY2011 brownfields grant guidelines.

!!!The deadline to submit your FY2011 grant proposal is October 15, 2010!!!

On September 24, EPA sent out a notice that the assessment and cleanup grant guidelines were amended. These amendments were incorporated into TABEZ.

For quick reference: Assessment grant amendments: www.epa.gov/oswer/docs/grants/epa-oswer-oblr-10-09-amend.pdf Cleanup grant amendments: www.epa.gov/oswer/docs/grants/epa-oswer-oblr-10-11-amend.pdf





Special Projects Web - based software: TAB-BIT www.tab-bit.org



▶Login

▶Register

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HOM

BIT TOOLBOX

ABOUT

RESOURCES SEARCH

HELP

In This Section:

BIT Home

BIT Tutorial Help BIT Home

BIT Home

Welcome to BIT

The Brownfield Inventory Tool (BIT) is a comprehensive brownfield program management tool. You may enter detailed site data, upload documents and data, and generate and export a variety of reports, including a Property Profile Form. BIT users are asked to create a user name and password for privacy protection. BIT can also be used as a collaborative tool, i.e. specific inventory data can be accessed by multiple users, IF permission by the primary user is granted.

Every page within BIT comes with detailed instructions. PLEASE READ THE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY! In addition, a tutorial is available by selecting the BIT Tutorial icon below.

First Time Users: Please register by clicking on Register in the upper right hand corner of this page and create your username and password.

To get started with BIT, select the Site Inventory Data icon below.

A prototype of BIT was developed by EPA Region 8 and BIT is the updated version of this prototype.

Announcements:

BIT was released January 29, 2010. If you have any comments and/or suggestions for improvement, please let us know by providing feedback.





Site Inventory Data



BIT Tutorial

TAB Contacts

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Web site: http://www.engg.ksu.edu/chsr/outreach